

Lesson 89: Elevens Lab #2 (W31D2)

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Do Now

- Take out the HW to be checked (questions 1–3 on [p6](#))
- Make sure your Deck class functions properly with this code in DeckTester's main():

```
String[] ranks = { "Q", "5", "J", "9" };  
String[] suits = { "diamonds", "spades" };  
int[] values = { 10, 5, 10, 9 };
```

```
Deck d1 = new Deck(ranks, suits, values);
```

```
while( ! d1.isEmpty() ) {  
    System.out.println( d1.deal() );  
}
```

```
//see some order of QD, 5D, JD, 9D, QS, 5S, JS, 9S
```

Aim

Students will reinforce OO programming principles and practice various tasks in Java via the College Board's *Elevens Lab*.

Activity 2: Deck Class

Solutions to questions 1-3 (p6):

A2Q1	A Deck is a <i>collection</i> of Cards; A Deck HAS-A (multiple) Cards.
A2Q2	<code>ranks.length × suits.length = 6 cards</code>
A2Q3	see next slide...

Activity 2: Deck Class

Solutions to A2Q3:

```
String[] ranks =  
    { "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9",  
      "10", "jack", "queen", "king", "ace" };  
  
String[] suits =  
    { "spades", "hearts", "diamonds", "clubs" };  
  
int[] pointValues =  
    { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,  
      9, 10, 10, 10, 10, 11 };
```

Activity 3: Shuffling a Deck

- Read *introduction* and *exploration* sections on pp7-9, making sure to understand...
 - the pseudocode for *perfect shuffle*
 - why *selection shuffle* is inefficient
 - how *efficient selection shuffle* is like Selection Sort
- In Eclipse, remove Activity02 from the build path and make Activity03 a source folder

Activity 3: Shuffling a Deck

Work on exercises 1 & 2 on p9

- `perfectShuffle()` will require a temporary array that's a copy of the parameter values.
- Recall that 8 `perfectShuffle()`'s of a 52-card deck should restore the deck's starting state — so try setting `SHUFFLE_COUNT` to 9¹ and `VALUE_COUNT` to 52 and see if that holds true.
- Increase `VALUE_COUNT` to have larger arrays to sort, trying both ODD & EVEN array lengths.

¹Since values in deck are printed after a shuffle, you need to print 9 times to see the result of 8 shuffles between first line and last.

Activity 4: Add `shuffle()` to Deck

- Read *introduction* section on p11
- In Eclipse, remove Activity03 from the build path and make Activity04 a source folder
- Work on exercises 1 & 2 on p11
 - don't use `cards.remove()` — `set()` and `get()` methods will suffice
 - exercise #2 will be finished for HW

- Do Activity 3, questions 1 & 2 (p9) — type up your solutions since they'll be run in a tester class.
- Finish Activity 4, exercise 2 — make sure you populate the deck with 52 cards and they shuffle when `DeckTester` runs.